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4-Aminophenylsulfur pentafluoride

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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; T = 200 K; mean σ (C–C) = 0.005 Å; R factor = 0.031; wR factor = 0.066; data-to-parameter ratio = 14.0.

In the title compound, $C_6H_6F_5NS$, the environment of the S atom is roughly octahedral. The axial F-S bond appears slightly elongated with respect to the four equatorial F-Sbonds. Equatorial F atoms are staggered with respect to the benzene ring. The N atom is displaced from the benzene plane by 0.154 (4) Å. The F-S-C-C torsion angles differ greatly from the values observed in the related structure of 4acetamidophenylsulfur pentafluoride. The packing is stabilized by weak N-H···F contacts.

Related literature

For related literature, see: Raasch (1963); Bowden et al. (2000); Sheppard (1960, 1962).



Experimental

Crystal data C₆H₆F₅NS $M_r = 219.18$ Orthorhombic, Pbca a = 16.0369 (13) Åb = 5.7514 (5) Å c = 17.5305 (15) Å

V = 1616.9 (2) Å³ Z = 8Mo $K\alpha$ radiation $\mu = 0.44 \text{ mm}^{-1}$ T = 200 K $0.1 \times 0.08 \times 0.05 \text{ mm}$

Data collection

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Rigaku Mercury CCD
  diffractometer
Absorption correction: multi-scan
  (Blessing, 1995)
  T_{\rm min} = 0.959, T_{\rm max} = 0.981
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Refinement

D N

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.031$	118 parameters
$wR(F^2) = 0.065$	H-atom parameters constrained
S = 0.58	$\Delta \rho_{\rm max} = 0.26 \ {\rm e} \ {\rm \AA}^{-3}$
1650 reflections	$\Delta \rho_{\rm min} = -0.22 \ {\rm e} \ {\rm \AA}^{-3}$

6533 measured reflections

 $R_{\rm int} = 0.051$

1650 independent reflections

633 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$-\mathrm{H}\cdots A$	D-H	$H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	$D \cdots A$	$D - \mathbf{H} \cdot \cdot \cdot A$
$1 - H12 \cdots F5^{i}$	0.89	2.59	3.38	148

Symmetry code: (i) $x, -y + \frac{1}{2}, z + \frac{1}{2}$.

Data collection: CrystalClear (Rigaku, 1999); cell refinement: CrystalClear; data reduction: CrystalClear; program(s) used to solve structure: SIR92 (Altomare et al., 1993); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: ORTEPIII (Burnett & Johnson, 1996) and ORTEP-3 for Windows (Farrugia, 1997); software used to prepare material for publication: WinGX (Farrugia, 1999) and enCIFer (Allen et al., 2004).

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: DN2303).

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supplementary materials

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4-Aminophenylsulfur pentafluoride

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Comment

Phenylsulfur pentafluorides were first synthesized (Sheppard, 1960) by the fluorination of aromatic disulfides with silver difluoride. Some SF₅-benzene derivatives were patented as plant regulants, herbicides and bactericides (Raasch, 1963).

In the title compound, the environment of sulfur atom appears to be approximately octahedral (Fig. 1) with the C – S bond being 1.786 (3) Å, four equatorial S - F bonds of 1.577 (2) – 1.586 (2) Å and noticeably elongated to 1.600 (2) Å axial S – F bond. Equatorial F atoms are declined slightly away from the benzene ring resulting in the medium value of Feq – S – Fax angle of 86.9 °. Similar staggered conformation was observed earlier in the structure of 4-acetamidophenylsulfur pentafluoride (Bowden *et al.*, 2000). The F – S – C – C dihedral angles values of 43 and 47 ° differ from observed in above mentioned structure of 4-acetamidophenylsulfur pentafluoride 30 and 60 ° respectively. The packing is stabilized by weak N—H···F contacts.

Experimental

Sample of 4-aminohenylsulfur pentafluoride was prepared in three steps according to original procedure (Sheppard, 1962). Bis-(4-nitrophenyl)-disulfide was fluorinated with silver difluoride in CFC113 solvent and the product 4-nitrophenylsulfurpentafluoride was obtained in 10.0% yield and was consequently purified by preparative HPLC. 95% pure 4-nitrophenylsulfur pentafluoride was hydrogenated with hydrogen gas in acidic (HCL) ethanol solution, PtO₂ was used as a catalyst. The 4-aminophenylsulfur pentafluoride hydrochloride obtained was reacted with sodium bicarbonate water solution and the product 4-aminophenylsulfur pentafluoride was extracted with diethyl ether and recrystallized from pentane. 4-Aminophenylsulfur pentafluoride crystallizes as white needles.

Refinement

All H atoms attached to C atoms were fixed geometrically and treated as riding with C—H = 0.93 Å (aromatic) with $U_{iso}(H)$ = $1.2U_{eq}(C)$. H atoms of amino group were located in difference Fourier maps and included in the subsequent refinement using restraints (N—H= 0.89 (1)Å and H····H= 1.57 (2) Å) with $U_{iso}(H) = 1.2U_{eq}(N)$. In the last stage of refinement, they were treated as riding on their parent N atom.

Figures



Fig. 1. Molecular view of I with the atom-labelling scheme. Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 30% probability level. H atoms are represented as small sphers of arbitrary radii.

4-Aminophenylsulfur pentafluoride

Crystal data	
C ₆ H ₆ F ₅ NS	$F_{000} = 880$
$M_r = 219.18$	$D_{\rm x} = 1.801 {\rm Mg} {\rm m}^{-3}$
Orthorhombic, Pbca	Mo $K\alpha$ radiation $\lambda = 0.71069$ Å
Hall symbol: -P 2ac 2ab	Cell parameters from 71 reflections
<i>a</i> = 16.0369 (13) Å	$\theta = 1.2 - 29.1^{\circ}$
b = 5.7514(5) Å	$\mu = 0.44 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
c = 17.5305 (15) Å	T = 200 K
V = 1616.9 (2) Å ³	Chunk, colourless
Z = 8	$0.1 \times 0.08 \times 0.05 \text{ mm}$

Data collection

Mercury CCD (2x2 bin mode) diffractometer	$R_{\rm int} = 0.051$
dtprofit.ref scans	$\theta_{max} = 26.4^{\circ}$
Absorption correction: multi-scan (Blessing, 1995)	$\theta_{\min} = 2.3^{\circ}$
$T_{\min} = 0.959, T_{\max} = 0.981$	$h = 0 \rightarrow 20$
6533 measured reflections	$k = 0 \rightarrow 7$
1650 independent reflections	$l = 0 \rightarrow 21$
633 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$	

Refinement

Refinement on F^2	Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map
Least-squares matrix: full	Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.031$	H-atom parameters constrained
$wR(F^2) = 0.065$	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2)]$
<i>S</i> = 0.58	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\text{max}} = 0.001$
1650 reflections	$\Delta \rho_{max} = 0.26 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
118 parameters	$\Delta \rho_{min} = -0.22 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct Extinction correction: none methods

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

	x	У	Z	$U_{\rm iso}*/U_{\rm eq}$
S1	0.89753 (5)	0.08028 (15)	0.09772 (6)	0.0401 (2)
F1	0.87251 (10)	0.3449 (3)	0.10747 (12)	0.0606 (6)
F2	0.80397 (8)	0.0204 (3)	0.07597 (11)	0.0597 (6)
F3	0.92307 (9)	-0.1787 (3)	0.07811 (11)	0.0529 (6)
F4	0.99217 (9)	0.1448 (3)	0.10997 (12)	0.0566 (6)
F5	0.91119 (10)	0.1370 (3)	0.00922 (11)	0.0608 (6)
C1	0.84866 (18)	-0.0742 (6)	0.3495 (2)	0.0417 (9)
C2	0.89380 (16)	0.1215 (6)	0.3276 (2)	0.0424 (9)
H2	0.9136	0.2228	0.3648	0.051*
C3	0.90968 (17)	0.1681 (5)	0.2514 (2)	0.0391 (9)
Н3	0.9394	0.3005	0.2377	0.047*
C4	0.88150 (16)	0.0181 (5)	0.19639 (18)	0.0303 (8)
C5	0.83895 (16)	-0.1814 (5)	0.2167 (2)	0.0364 (8)
Н5	0.8205	-0.2842	0.1794	0.044*
C6	0.82413 (17)	-0.2267 (5)	0.2925 (2)	0.0415 (9)
Н6	0.7969	-0.3635	0.3059	0.050*
N1	0.82569 (15)	-0.1078 (5)	0.42463 (17)	0.0618 (9)
H11	0.8081	-0.2512	0.4320	0.074*
H12	0.8522	-0.0289	0.4603	0.074*

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (A^2)

Atomic displacement parameters $(Å^2)$

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
S1	0.0450 (5)	0.0386 (5)	0.0367 (6)	0.0025 (4)	0.0026 (5)	-0.0008 (5)
F1	0.0980 (14)	0.0353 (11)	0.0486 (15)	0.0151 (10)	0.0129 (12)	0.0070 (11)
F2	0.0412 (10)	0.0926 (15)	0.0453 (15)	-0.0039 (9)	-0.0090 (10)	-0.0005 (12)
F3	0.0731 (12)	0.0369 (11)	0.0487 (15)	0.0077 (9)	0.0085 (11)	-0.0127 (10)
F4	0.0432 (10)	0.0714 (13)	0.0552 (16)	-0.0147 (9)	0.0108 (10)	-0.0010 (12)
F5	0.0819 (13)	0.0706 (14)	0.0300 (13)	0.0071 (10)	0.0147 (11)	0.0067 (11)
C1	0.040 (2)	0.053 (2)	0.032 (2)	0.0120 (17)	0.0036 (18)	0.009 (2)
C2	0.0417 (19)	0.047 (2)	0.038 (2)	-0.0027 (17)	-0.0073 (18)	-0.0070 (19)
C3	0.0419 (19)	0.037 (2)	0.038 (2)	-0.0076 (15)	0.0024 (18)	-0.0009 (19)
C4	0.0336 (17)	0.0276 (18)	0.030 (2)	0.0041 (14)	0.0002 (15)	-0.0005 (16)
C5	0.0362 (18)	0.0312 (19)	0.042 (2)	-0.0041 (15)	0.0018 (17)	-0.0071 (19)
C6	0.0424 (19)	0.033 (2)	0.049 (3)	-0.0003 (16)	0.0081 (19)	0.004 (2)
N1	0.0770 (19)	0.068 (2)	0.040 (2)	-0.0009 (16)	0.0052 (17)	0.0081 (19)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

S1—F4	1.5771 (16)	С2—Н2	0.9300
S1—F3	1.5826 (17)	C3—C4	1.370 (4)
S1—F1	1.5832 (17)	С3—Н3	0.9300
S1—F2	1.5860 (16)	C4—C5	1.382 (4)
S1—F5	1.600 (2)	C5—C6	1.375 (4)
S1—C4	1.785 (3)	С5—Н5	0.9300

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C1—N1	1.381 (4)	С6—Н6	0.9300
C1—C6	1.386 (4)	N1—H11	0.8813
C1—C2	1.392 (4)	N1—H12	0.8823
C2—C3	1.386 (4)		
F4—S1—F3	90.11 (9)	C3—C2—C1	121.2 (3)
F4—S1—F1	90.18 (10)	С3—С2—Н2	119.4
F3—S1—F1	173.62 (13)	C1—C2—H2	119.4
F4—S1—F2	173.86 (13)	C4—C3—C2	119.7 (3)
F3—S1—F2	89.33 (10)	С4—С3—Н3	120.1
F1—S1—F2	89.70 (10)	С2—С3—Н3	120.1
F4—S1—F5	87.26 (10)	C3—C4—C5	120.2 (3)
F3—S1—F5	86.90 (11)	C3—C4—S1	120.6 (2)
F1—S1—F5	86.75 (11)	C5—C4—S1	119.2 (3)
F2—S1—F5	86.60 (11)	C6—C5—C4	119.5 (3)
F4—S1—C4	93.09 (12)	С6—С5—Н5	120.2
F3—S1—C4	93.40 (12)	С4—С5—Н5	120.2
F1—S1—C4	92.95 (13)	C5—C6—C1	121.8 (3)
F2—S1—C4	93.05 (12)	С5—С6—Н6	119.1
F5—S1—C4	179.54 (13)	С1—С6—Н6	119.1
N1—C1—C6	121.5 (3)	C1—N1—H11	110.9
N1—C1—C2	121.0 (4)	C1—N1—H12	118.5
C6—C1—C2	117.4 (3)	H11—N1—H12	122.1
Hvdrogen-bond geometry (Å. °)			

D—H···A	<i>D</i> —Н	$H \cdots A$	$D \cdots A$	D—H··· A
N1—H12···F5 ⁱ	0.89	2.59	3.38	148

Symmetry codes: (i) x, -y+1/2, z+1/2.

